

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (previously provided) A method for controlling data communications between a first external interface of an electronic device and at least first and second chips both included in the electronic device, each of the first and second chips configured for communicating with the first external interface, the first chip having a first universal asynchronous receiver-transmitters (UART), a first microcontroller, and a switching mechanism capable of connecting the first UART and the first microcontroller, and the second chip having a second microcontroller and a second UART connecting the second microcontroller to the first UART, the method comprising:

monitoring signals communicated to the first chip from at least one of the first external interface and the second UART; and

communicating data between the first external interface and the second microcontroller via the first and second UARTs without intervention of a second external interface of the electronic device, in response to the switching mechanism detecting a predetermined signal.

2. (previously provided) The method of claim 1, wherein the predetermined signal is a switch sequence received from at least one of the second UART and the first external interface.

3. (previously provided) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
communicating data between the first external interface and the first microcontroller, after the switching mechanism has detected that a time-out period has expired.

4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the switching mechanism is implemented as control software executing over the first microcontroller.

5. (cancel)

6. (previously provided) A method for controlling data communications between a singular external interface for an electronic device and at least first and second microcontrollers included in the electronic device, each of the first and second chips configured for receiving data from and transmitting data to the external interface, wherein the first microcontroller is connectable to first and second universal asynchronous receiver-transmitters (UARTs), via a switch mechanism, and wherein the second microcontroller is respectively connected to a third UART, the method comprising:

communicating signals from the external interface to the first UART, wherein a switch mechanism monitors the signals for a predetermined signal; and  
routing data from the external interface to the second microcontroller via the first, second and third UARTs without intervention of a secondary external interface of the electronic device, in response to the switch mechanism detecting the predetermined signal.

7. (original) The method of claim 6, further comprising:  
rerouting data from the external interface to the first microcontroller via the first UART, in response to the switch mechanism detecting the predetermined signal.

8. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the switch mechanism is implemented as control software executable on the first microcontroller for connecting the first UART to at least one of the first microprocessor and the second UART, respectively based on detecting the predetermined signal.

9. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the switch mechanism is implemented as a hardware switch connecting the first UART to at least one of the first microprocessor and the second UART, respectively based on detecting the predetermined signal.

10. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the switch mechanism is implemented partially in hardware and partially in software for connecting the first UART to at least one of the first microprocessor and the second UART, respectively based on detecting the predetermined signal.

11. (previously provided) An integrated computing system comprising:  
an external interface for receiving and transmitting data between the computing system and an external device;  
a first chip comprising a first UART, a second UART, a switch mechanism and a first microcontroller, wherein the first UART is in communication with the external interface and the first UART is connectable to the second UART and the first microcontroller via the switch mechanism; and  
a second chip comprising a second microcontroller and a third UART connected directly between the second UART and the second microcontroller without intervention of a secondary external interface;  
wherein the switch mechanism causes data to be routed between the second microcontroller and the external interface via the first, second and third UARTs, in response to detecting a first logic level.

12. (original) The computing system of claim 11, wherein the switch mechanism causes data to be routed between the external interface and the first microcontroller via the first UART, in response to detecting a second logic level.

13. (original) The computing system of claim 11, wherein the switch mechanism is implemented in software.

14. (original) The computing system of claim 11, wherein the switch mechanism is implemented in hardware.

15. (original) The computing system of claim 11, wherein the switch mechanism is implemented in both software and hardware.

16. (original) The computing system of claim 12, wherein the first and second logic levels have equal values.

17. (currently amended) A method for controlling data communications, wherein data is communicated between an external interface and a second microcontroller included in a second chip, via first and second universal asynchronous receiver-transmitters (UARTs) included in a first chip, and second chips included in a single electronic device without intervention of a secondary external interface in response to a switching mechanism detecting a predetermined signal, the first chip is in communication with a comprising first and second universal asynchronous receiver-transmitters (UARTs), and the second chip having a third UART, the method comprising:

monitoring signals communicated from the external interface to the first UART; and  
routing data from the first UART to the third UART, via the second UARTs, in response to the switching mechanism detecting a switchthe predetermined signal.

18. The method of claim 17, further comprising:  
monitoring signals communicated from the third UART to the second UART; and  
routing data from the third UART to the first UART, via the second UART, in response to the switching mechanism detecting a switchthe predetermined signal.